United Kingdom Commitments at the Nuclear Security Summit in The Hague, March 2014

Following our pledges at the 2010 Washington and 2012 Seoul Nuclear Security Summits, against which we have reported progress, the United Kingdom makes the following commitments to continue tackling the threat of nuclear terrorism:

- To host an IAEA International Physical Protection Advisory Service (IPPAS) Mission in 2015-16. This follows a 2011 Mission that reviewed security at our biggest site – Sellafield.
- To continue our Global Threat Reduction Programme of financial and expert assistance for nuclear and radiological security improvements overseas. Since 2010, our experts have assisted more than 20 countries, embedding high standards worldwide.
- To contribute £3.4 million to the IAEA Nuclear Security Fund in 2014, bringing the total UK contribution since 2010 to over £12 million.
- To contribute £500,000 to Interpol's Operation Fail Safe to track the movements of individuals involved in the illicit trafficking of radioactive or nuclear material.
- To continue to support the work of the Global Initiative on Combating Nuclear Terrorism.
- To extend outreach and assistance work to at least sixteen countries that have yet to ratify or implement key international instruments in the nuclear security field.
- To develop and share best practice on nuclear security and work to strengthen international nuclear security culture, including:
  - As Sponsor of the 2012 Multinational Statement on Nuclear Information Security, to lead international action to ensure the effective protection of sensitive nuclear information.
  - To continue to work with the IAEA and other states to develop and test security guidance on nuclear material accountancy and control, facilitating a roll out of this where states would find it beneficial.
  - o To co-host, with the US, a workshop on Enhancing the Security of the Maritime Supply Chain.
- To continue to take forward the development of options for the future management of the UK's inventory of separated civil plutonium.
- To continue to prioritise security of our non-civil nuclear material, in line with our commitment in the UK 2013 UNSCR1540 National Implementation Action Plan.
- To continue to develop our National Strategic Framework for nuclear emergency planning and response.
- With France, to continue the UK-France framework for cooperation on civil nuclear security to facilitate the exchange of good practice.
- In partnership with the US and France, and engaging with others, to continue to develop appropriate responses to the threat of nuclear terrorism including render-safe capability.

## We also announce:

• That our world-leading nuclear transport specialist, International Nuclear Services (INS) has just completed the second of two crucial transportations of HEU and Plutonium from Europe to secure storage in the US.